TITLE *(must be in CAPITAL LETTERS, TIMES NEW ROMAN, 16 POINT, BOLD)*

1FULL First Authora \*, 2FULL Second Authorb and 3FULL Last Authorc *(Notes: Use asterisk (\*) after name to indicate corresponding author)*

1The First Author’s Affiliations (Organization, Country) 2The Second Author’s Affiliations (Organization, Country) 3The Last Author’s Affiliations (Organization, Country)

aemail, bemail, cemail

ABSTRACT -Each paper **s**hould be preceded by an abstract (10–15 lines long) that summarises the content. This document gives formatting instructions for authors preparing papers for publication in the Proceedings of CMIT. The authors must follow the instructions given in the document for the papers to be published. You can use this document as both an instruction set and as a template into which you can type your own text.

KEYWORDS - Keywords are separated by half-angle origin.

1.1 SECTION HEADING (“H1”)

Please note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented (“p1a” style).

The first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are (“Normal” style).

This document is a template. Information about final paper submission is available from the conference website. An easy way to comply with the conference paper formatting requirements is to use this document as a template and simply type your text into it.

All manuscripts must be in English, including all texts, tables and figure texts.

Your paper must use a page size corresponding to A4 which is 210mm (8.27") wide and 297mm (11.69") long and the total number of pages should not exceed 4 pages. The margins must be set as follows:

* Top = Bottom = Left = Right =25mm (0.98")

Your paper must be in single column format. The entire document should be in Times New Roman or Times font. Other font types may be used if needed for special purposes. TITLE must be in 16 point Regular font. SECTION HEADING must be in 12 point Regular font. *Subsection Heading* must be in 12 point Italics font. Figure text, Table text and References must be in 8.5 point Regular font. For the rest of the paper, please use 10 point Regular font.

1.2 SECTION HEADING

Please use the “Equation” button for equations and positioned correctly using one tab space before and one after, as below.

a *+ b = c* (1.1)

1.2.1 Subsection Heading (“H2”)

The main words in all headings (even run-in headings) begin with a capital letter. Articles, conjunctions and prepositions are the only words which should begin with a lower case letter.

This Is a Bold Run-in Heading “Run-in 1” There are two types of run-in heading. Do not use a full stop after the heading itself.

This Is an Italic Run-in Heading“Run-in 2” There are two types of run-in heading. Do not use a full stop after the heading itself

1.2.1.1 Subsubsection Heading (“H3”)

Instead of simply listing headings of different levels we recommend that every heading is followed by at least a short passage of text.

1. Numbered lists should use the “Numbered Item” style.
2. Numbered lists should use the “Numbered Item” style.
3. Numbered lists should use the “Numbered Item” style.

Lists should either use the “Numbered Item” or “Bullet Item” styles.

* Unnumbered lists should use the “Bullet Item” style.
* Unnumbered lists should use the “Bullet Item” style.
* Subitems in a list should use the “Subitem” style.
* Subitems in a list should use the “Subitem” style.
* Unnumbered lists should use the “Bullet Item” style.

Unnumbered Heading (“H4”)

Please ensure that where the built-in spacing of two adjacent paragraph styles spacing is combined the space built-in to the inferior style is manually removed. In the above example, I have removed the 6 pt space which automatically follows the “Bullet Item” style, in favour of the 18 pt space which automatically precedes the “heading5” style.

Unnumbered Heading, Second Option (“H5”)

Please do not leave blank lines in the text, even when including block quotes:

Please do not use quotation marks when including block quotes. Simply use the “Quotation” button – it will automatically produce Springer’s preferred layout.[[1]](#footnote-1)

**Fig. 1** Note that “Fig.” and the figure number are in bold, while the rest of the legend is not. Figure legends appear below figures. There are no full stops after the figure number or the legend itself

Only the first word (as well as any proper nouns or abbreviations) in table and figure titles should begin with a capital letter.

**Table 1** Note that “Table” and the table number are in bold, while the rest of the legend is not. Table legends appear above tables. There are no full stops after the table number or the legend itself

Tables can run over more than one page. If they do so in your paper, please ensure that the table number and “(continued)” appear at the top of each new page on which the table continues. For example: **Table 1.2** (continued).

If you have a particularly wide table, please do not change the orientation of the page from portrait to landscape. Instead, create the table with its top row parallel with the left margin and its bottom row parallel with the right margin of the page. The legend should run parallel to the top row.

If you wish to highlight text using a box, please use the “Box” button to ensure it is formatted correctly. If you wish to *emphasise* certain words or phrases in the text, please use italics, not bold or underlining.

REFERENCES

References are cited in the text just by square brackets [1]. Two or more references at a time may be put in one set of brackets [2, 3]. The references are to be numbered in the order in which they are cited in the text and are to be listed at the end of the contribution under a heading REFERENCES, see our example below.

1. Brown B, Aaron M (2001) The politics of nature. In: Smith J (ed) The rise of modern genomics, 3rd edn. Wiley, New York

2. Dod J (1999) Effective Substances. In: The dictionary of substances and their effects. Royal Society of Chemistry. Available via DIALOG. http://www.rsc.org/dose/title of subordinate document. Cited 15 Jan 1999

3. Slifka MK, Whitton JL (2000) Clinical implications of dysregulated cytokine production. J Mol Med, doi: 10.1007/s001090000086

4. Smith J, Jones M Jr, Houghton L et al (1999) Future of health insurance. N Engl J Med 965:325–329

5. South J, Blass B (2001) The future of modern genomics. Blackwell, London

1. To insert a footnote simply choose the “Footnote” button. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)